TEACHER RESOURCE BOOK · MATHS FOR 3RD CLASS

Lesson 68 MEASURES

Money — giving change (a first look)

WHAT THIS LESSON TEACHES

When you pay with more money than an item costs, the money you get back is called change. Find it by counting up from the price to the amount you paid.

→ a toy costs 70c; you pay with €1; count up to find 30c change

→ from 80c count 90, 100 to reach €1 for 20c change

MODEL THIS ON THE BOARD

CHANGE FOR A 70C SNACK

1. The snack costs **70c** and you hand over **€1** (100c).
2. Count up from the price: **80**, **90**, **100**.
3. You added three 10c steps so the change is **30c**.

ANSWER KEY

c) 80c

Q1: 10c

a) Always — That is the exact method for finding change in this lesson.

b) Always — The extra money returned is always called change.

c) Never — Paying the exact price means no money is returned.

d) Always — Counting up adds the coins that make the change.

EXTENSION SHEET · STRETCH ANSWERS

S1: €2.35

S2: €3.43

S3: €43.02