

SPENDING UNDER A €5 BUDGET

1 You have €5.00 to spend on a drink (€1.50), a snack (€1.20) and fruit (€0.85).

2 Add the three prices in the column: €1.50 + €1.20 + €0.85 = €3.55.

3 €3.55 is under budget, so the change is €5.00 – €3.55 = €1.45.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.50 \\ 1.20 \\ + 0.85 \\ \hline 3.55 \end{array}$$

WARM-UP

Write each answer neatly on the ruled line beside its label.

- Write the total of drink €1.50 and fruit €0.90
- Write the change from a €4 budget after spending €3.00
- Write whether drink €1.50 + snack €2.20 + fruit €0.90 fits a €5 budget

€1.50 + €0.90 = _____

Change from €4 after €3 = _____

Fits €5 budget? yes/no: _____

PRACTICE

- You have €6.00 for the tuck shop and buy the €2.40 drink. How much change do you have left? _____
- You pick the €1.40 drink and the €1.30 snack. What is the total cost of the two items? _____
- You want the €1.20 snack and the €1.60 treat together. Add them and check whether the total stays under your €3.00 budget.

? ALWAYS, SOMETIMES, NEVER

Always, sometimes or never true? Write A, S or N.

- When your total cost is less than the money you have, you can afford your shopping list. ☐
- Buying the €1.50 drink and the €1.20 snack keeps you within a €5.00 budget. ☐
- A pair of the three items on this page fits a €2.50 budget. ☐
- You get change left over when your shopping costs more than your budget. ☐

REFLECT

With a fixed amount to spend, do you add as you go or total at the end?