

Area of triangles – half a rectangle

MODULE 4 · MEASURES — LENGTH, MASS, CAPACITY, AREA, VOLUME NUMBER

A triangle is **half** of its enclosing rectangle. So the area is $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{perpendicular height}$. The height must be at right angles to the base — not the slanting side.

- Triangle with base **6 cm** and height **4 cm**: area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 4 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$ (half of the 6×4 rectangle above).
- Triangle with base **10 cm** and height **5 cm**: area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 5 = 25 \text{ cm}^2$.
- Right-angled triangle with legs **3 cm** and **8 cm**: base = 3, height = 8 → area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 8 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$.

	$\times 6$
4	24

AREA OF A TRIANGLE WITH BASE 8 CM AND HEIGHT 5 CM

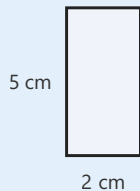
- 1 Identify the **base** (8 cm) and the **perpendicular height** (5 cm). The height must be at right angles to the base.
- 2 Multiply: base $\times$ height = $8 \times 5 = 40$.
- 3 Halve it (a triangle is half its enclosing rectangle): $40 \div 2 = 20$.
- 4 Add the units: area = **20 cm²**.

HOW TO ANSWER TODAY

- **Area.** Area = length $\times$ width. Write the answer in square units (cm², m²).
 $5 \text{ m} \times 3 \text{ m} \rightarrow 15 \text{ m}^2$
- **Triangle area.** Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{perpendicular height}$. The height must be at right angles to the base.
 Base 6 cm, height 4 cm $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 4 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$

WARM-UP

1



Saoirse cuts a small rectangular card panel to use as a deck on her model bridge for STEM week. The panel measures **2 cm** by **5 cm**. What is the area of the card panel?

- 2 Aoife cuts a triangular sandwich flag for the 5th class bake sale poster. The triangle has a base of **6 cm** and a perpendicular height of **6 cm**. What is the area of the flag?

A triangle has a base of 6 cm and a perpendicular height of 6 cm. What is its area?